I-Pollinate Floral Survey

This survey is to determine what other flowers within your yard, aside from the flowers within your I-Pollinate garden, are attracting pollinators. The floral survey requires you to look around your home garden and yard and make observations about what additional floral resources are available to pollinators.

Address:                      Date:

1. On a scale of 1 to 5 evaluate the health of your I-Pollinate garden.
   Things to think about when evaluating health: Are there dead plants, wilted plants, or damaged plants, and has the garden been watered?

   Poor health 1  2  3  4  5  Superb health

2. Approximately how far away are other flowering plants from the edge of your I-Pollinate garden?
   - Within 5ft
   - Between 5ft and 10ft
   - Between 10ft and 20ft
   - Farther than 20ft

3. How many blooming flower varieties are in your yard?
   Please don’t count the flowers included your I-Pollinate garden. A floral variety is defined as flowers of a unique species and color. Two flowers of different species are different varieties, but, so two flowers of the same species but of noticeably different colors are also considered two different varieties. For example, if you have both purple and white petunias in your garden, each color of petunia would be counted separately.

4. Estimate floral abundance within 100 yards of your property?
   - Low (few to no neighbors have large diverse gardens)
   - Moderate (some neighbors have large diverse gardens)
   - High (most neighbors have large diverse gardens)

5. Pollinator attractive plants
   Briefly walk around your yard and home garden areas between 7 am and 10 am, taking note of which flowering plants seem to be attracting pollinators. Please only observe flowers not included in your I-Pollinate garden. Based on your observations, please list the 5 most attractive flowering plant varieties and approximate the number of those flowers blooming within your garden/yard. Floral variety is defined as the same as in question 3. Only list flower varieties which seem highly attractive to pollinators. If fewer than 5 varieties seem attractive, record the attractive varieties in the flower species and color column then write N/A in the remaining rows.
   *Don’t forget to observe weedy flowers, such as white clover and dandelions, as these might be attracting pollinators.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flower species and color</th>
<th>Approximate number of flowers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: